2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SWDA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. At the City we consider ourselves stewards of our community's water system and work diligently to maintain the level of quality and service our customers have come to expect.

Where does my water come from?

Jetty Creek, a surface water source located a few miles North of town, has been used by the City since 1968. Ground water sources include 2 wells located within the Nedonna Beach aquifer and a 3rd at Manhattan Beach.

Current Events and Upgrades:

The Rockaway Beach Water System has been Designated an "Outstanding Performer" by the Oregon Health Authority. This new designation is a result of the most recent on-site water system review conducted by the Oregon Health Authority. This review covered the City's water treatment plant, reservoirs, distribution system, operation and maintenance procedures, monitoring, and management of the system for the purpose of evaluating our water system's capability of providing safe drinking water to the public.

Additionally, the Rockaway Beach Water System will receive approximately \$314,000.00 in funding from the American Rescue Plan Act. These funds will be dedicated to the Third Ave. Reservoir Rehabilitation Project schedule for completion in 2022.

Source water assessment and its availability

A source assessment has been completed and is available from City Hall upon request, or online at the City's website at <u>https://corb.us/vertical/sites/%7B087A747C-D4DD-4132-9CE8-8372D0E33390%7D/uploads/USWA 00708RockawayBeach.pdf</u>

A message from the EPA

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or visiting <u>www.epa.gov/safewater</u>.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the EPA.

Lead contamination warning

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Rockaway Beach Water Department is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in your homes plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your drinking water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from septic

systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, domestic wastewater discharges, mining, or farming; Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses;

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems; And radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the number of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

How can I get involved?

If you have any questions concerning this report or the water system, please contact Public Works Superintendent Dan Emerson at 503-374-0586 or email publicworks@corb.us. You may also address issues at any of the regularly scheduled City Council meetings held on the second Wednesday of every month at 6:00 p.m. at Rockaway Beach City Hall, 276 S. Hwy 101.

<u>Contaminants</u>	MCLG or <u>MKDLG</u>	MCI or <u>N</u>	ÍRDĽ	Your Ra <u>Water</u> Low		Rai w	ungo High		Sample <u>Date</u>			ion		<u>Typical</u> Source	
Disinfectants & Disinfec	tant By-Proc	lucts				2021									
Γ)	There is conv	incinge	evidence that	at addition of	of a dis	sinfec	tant is n	ecess	sary for c	ontrolo	fmicro	bial c	ontam	inants)	
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (mg/L)	NA	.0	60	0.0177	0.00	084	0.0269		2021	No			chlo	-product of drinking water rination due to the reaction of ganics with the chlorination.	
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (mg/L)	NA	.0	80	0.0482	0.03	362	0.060	02	2021	No			By-product of drinking wate disinfection due to the reactior organics with chlorination.		
		<u> </u>				202	21								
Lead - source water (ppm)	NA	0.	.01	ND		D	ND		2019	No			Corrosion of household plumbir systems; Erosion of natural deposits		
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (mg/L)	10	1	0	0.614	0.6	14	0.624		2021		No		Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits		
Sodium (optional) (ppm)	NA	М	IPL	10.1	NA	A	NA		2021		No		E	crosion of natural deposits; Leaching	
Microbiological Contami	nants	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		20	21							
Total Coliform (positive samples/month)	0		1	ND]	ND	N	D	2	2021		No		Naturally present in the environment	
Turbidity (NTU)	< 0.3	1		0.03	0.03 0.03		0.	0.15 2		2021	No			Soil runoff	
100% of the samples			value of 1. A										gle me	easurement was 0.15. Any	
<u>Contaminants</u>	MCLG	A AI		Your Vater		Sample <u>Date</u>			# Samples <u>Exceeding</u> AI			Exceeds <u>AL</u>		s <u>Typical</u> Source	
				In	organ	ic Co	ntamin	ants							
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15	0	0.002		2019				0		No		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	1.3 0.20		268 2019)		0			No		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	
<u>Contaminants</u>	MC o <u>MR</u> I	r	or		You <u>Wat</u>		<u>Violation</u>						Typical Source		
Arsenic (ppb)	()	10		ND			No				Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from timber lands.			
Asbestos (MFL)	7	7		7		ND		No				Deca		sbestos-cement water mains; ion of natural deposits	
Uranium (ug/L) 0 30				ND No								Erosion of natural deposits			
					Unit	Desc	riptions	;							
Term ug/L					Definition ug/L : Number of micrograms of substance in one liter of water										
	ppm					-			-					er (mg/L)	

ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)						
MFL	MFL: million fibers per liter, used to measure asbestos concentration						
NTU	NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units. Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of the water. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of our filtration system.						
positive samples/month	positive samples/month: Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive						
NA	NA: not applicable						
ND	ND: Not detected						
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.						
	Important Drinking Water Definitions						
Term	Definition						
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.						
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.						
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.						
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.						
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.						
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.						
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.						
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated						
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level						