After the tsunami - Geoff Grace, RBFD

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Introduction

This tutorial outlines essential preparedness measures for handling the aftermath of a tsunami, particularly in the context of a potential Cascadia earthquake. Drawing from insights provided by Fire Captain Geoff Grace, this guide aims to equip you with practical strategies to enhance safety and resilience in the face of such natural disasters.

Step 1: Understand Tsunami Risks

- Learn about Cascadia Subduction Zone: Familiarize yourself with the geological features of the Cascadia Subduction Zone, which can trigger significant earthquakes and tsunamis.
- Recognize warning signs: Be aware of natural tsunami warning signs, such as strong earthquakes, unusual ocean behavior (like rapid water withdrawal), or local alerts.

Step 2: Create a Preparedness Plan

- **Develop an evacuation route**: Identify safe paths to higher ground. Mark these routes on a map for easy reference.
- **Establish communication plans**: Ensure that all family members know how to contact each other in case of separation during an emergency.
- **Designate meeting points**: Choose specific locations where you can regroup after evacuating.

Step 3: Assemble an Emergency Kit

- Gather essential supplies: Include items such as
 - Water (one gallon per person per day for at least three days)
 - Non-perishable food (at least a three-day supply)
 - First aid kit
 - Flashlight and extra batteries
 - Whistle (to signal for help)
 - Dust mask, moist towelettes, and garbage bags
 - Local maps
- **Customize your kit**: Adapt the kit to meet the needs of all family members, including pets.

Step 4: Educate Yourself and Your Family

• **Participate in local training**: Engage in community preparedness programs offered by organizations like the Oregon Rockaway Beach Preparedness Corps.

• **Conduct drills**: Regularly practice evacuation drills with your family to ensure everyone understands what to do and where to go.

Step 5: Stay Informed

- **Follow local news and alerts**: Keep abreast of weather updates and emergency notifications through reliable channels.
- **Join community networks**: Connect with local preparedness groups to share resources, information, and support.

Conclusion

Preparing for a tsunami involves understanding the risks, creating a solid plan, assembling necessary supplies, educating yourself and your family, and staying informed. By taking these steps, you can significantly improve your readiness for a tsunami event. Consider reviewing your preparedness plan regularly and updating your emergency kit as needed.